

Minnesota's HMIS Policies and Practices

*Minnesota's Homeless Management Information System
will provide standardized and timely information
to improve access to housing and services
and strengthen our efforts to end homelessness*

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Acknowledgements

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Contact Information

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(651) 647-4600

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Background

Introduction

Homeless Management Information Systems (HMIS) enable data from a variety of service providers to be combined to reveal a more comprehensive picture of client needs. In Minnesota and elsewhere this is accomplished via the internet, using software that can enable inter-agency case management within a context of strict data privacy protections.

History

The decision to implement an HMIS in Minnesota grew out of a desire to obtain standardized, regularly updated information about homelessness for advocates, planners, and policymakers – all of whom were interested in doing something about the consistently growing and stubbornly persistent problem of homelessness. The idea was to broaden a data tracking initiative started among Ramsey County shelters and transitional housing providers in the early 1990s.

Coinciding with this local activity was a Congressional mandate to implement HMIS. In 2000 Congress instructed the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to take measures to improve available data concerning homelessness in the United States. In response, HUD obligated all Continuum of Care regions to implement region-wide databases that would allow an unduplicated count of service users.

Specifically, Congress mandated to HUD to collect information on the number of persons assisted through the McKinney-Vento Act. The Omnibus Appropriations Act of 2003 (Pub. L. 108-7) in its conference committee report noted:

HUD is directed to begin collecting data on the percentage and number of beds and supportive services programs that are serving people who are chronically disabled and/or chronically homeless. . . HUD should continue its collaborative efforts with local jurisdictions to collect an array of data on homelessness in order to analyze patterns of use of assistance, including how people enter and exit the homeless assistance system, and to assess the effectiveness of the homeless assistance system.

Previously in FY 1999 HUD Appropriations Act, Congress directed HUD to collect data from representative samples of existing HMIS systems,

collect, at a minimum, the following data: The unduplicated count of clients served; client characteristics such as age, race, disability status, units (days) and type of housing received (shelter, transitional, permanent); and services rendered. Outcome information such as housing stability, income, and health status should be collected.¹

The state Inter-Agency Task Force on Homelessness, the Corporation for Supportive Housing, the Metro-wide Engagement on Shelter, and others responded to this mandate by convening a series of open meetings in spring 2002. By general consensus a statewide, rather than region-by-region, approach was adopted and an “Implementation Group” was convened to oversee the project. The Implementation Group consisted of representatives from all of Minnesota’s Continuum of Care regions, at-large members who represent various populations and provider groups (e.g. agencies for homeless youth, veterans, domestic violence victims, those with HIV/AIDS, and consumers of homeless services), and representatives of state government.

The Implementation Group guided development and implementation of Minnesota’s HMIS. Early on the group adopted a vision for Minnesota’s HMIS (see next section), selected a system administrator (Wilder Research), trainer (Minnesota Housing Partnership), and software for the system (Bowman System’s ServicePoint). The group also developed various system policies and worked on system funding. The group continues to meet regularly to advise Wilder Research on nearly every aspect of the HMIS project, including budgetary matters and annual fees, system policies, and training procedures.

Eligible programs

Programs which may use HMIS include, but are not limited to:

- Emergency shelters serving homeless adults, families, and youth
- Transitional housing programs
- Supportive Housing Programs (whether scattered site or on-site)
- Street and Community outreach programs to persons who are homeless
- Domestic Violence Shelter or Housing Programs
- Supportive Service programs serving persons who are homeless

¹ See Fed. Register, Vol. 68, No. 140 (July 22, 2003) for further overview of federal mandates for HMIS.

In addition, HMIS participation is a requirement of various funders. On the Federal level, HMIS participation is mandated for all service and housing providers that receive HUD funding under the McKinney-Vento Act, which includes:

- Supportive Housing Program (SHP)
- Shelter plus Care
- Section 8 Moderate Rehab for Single Room Occupancy
- Emergency Shelter Grant
- Housing for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)

Satisfying the HMIS requirement is also factored into the Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) scoring of annual Continuum of Care applications – the more programs that participate in HMIS, the higher the Continuum is scored on that aspect of their application. In Minnesota this means that implementing and maintaining a widely-used HMIS improves the state's chances of continuing to receive the roughly \$18 million in federal funding that we now receive under the McKinney-Vento program.

On the state level, the Minnesota Department of Human Services' Office of Economic Opportunity and the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency require HMIS participation for their grantees under the following programs:

Minnesota Department of Human Services / Office of Economic Opportunity

- Transitional Housing Program (THP)
- Emergency Services Program (ESP)
- Rural Housing Assistance and Stability Program (RHASP)
- Emergency Shelter Grant Program (ESGP)

Minnesota Housing Finance Agency

- Family Homeless Prevention and Assistance Program (FHPAP)
- Projects funded under the Plan to End Long-Term Homelessness

Agencies that receive funding from these state programs will use HMIS to satisfy their quarterly and annual reporting requirements.

Ideally all domestic violence shelters, emergency shelters, transitional and supportive housing program, and homeless outreach programs in the state will participate in HMIS. The more agencies, and the more users within agencies, that participate in the system the better. More agencies equal more comprehensive data, and therefore improved information for planning and policymaking. More users within agencies means that clients will more likely receive appropriate services, since their caseworks may have an opportunity to see relevant case history from prior service episodes, and will have an opportunity to rely upon the systems case planning, referral, and data protection capacities.

Why is this important?

Because agencies that serve people and families experiencing homeless, work for the public welfare of our communities. Social and human service agencies must remain accountable to their program participants, funders, and community partners. One way to remain accountable is to be driven and focused on a mission and to report progress on accomplishing that mission. Programs should be transparent about what outcomes and goals they have achieved. HMIS allows programs to manage data in a secure and standardized environment that also offers an aggregate view of our state-wide efforts to end homelessness. We hope that with better information we will be able to plan, work, and achieve greater success in serving participants with meaningful services and housing options and end a social problem that can be fixed.

Expectations for HMIS Partner Agencies

Social service agencies that participate in Minnesota's HMIS are referred to as "partner agencies." Each partner agency needs to follow certain guidelines to help keep the project on track and to maintain data privacy and accuracy. The guidelines below do not replace the more formal and legally-binding agency agreement that each agency signs when joining the project.

Implementing HMIS

To prepare for participating in Minnesota's HMIS, agency administration should:

- Familiarize themselves with HMIS (see www.hmismn.org)
- Decide how many system end-users they will need. "End users" are the people who will actually enter data into the HMIS and use the system to run reports that the agency may need for funding purposes, or find useful for internal management. Typical end users include intake workers and case managers. Typically, the more end-users in an agency, the more useful the system becomes. There are, however, additional costs for each end-user in an agency. Volunteers should only be designated as end-users as a last resort, and will be subject to the same training and legal requirements as all other end-users.
- Familiarize prospective end-users with basic computer skills if necessary (e.g., windows, using a mouse, navigating the internet)
- Designate a primary HMIS contact within the agency
- Develop a clear understanding of current reporting needs and funding streams. For example, does the agency receive SHP funds? THP? FHPAP?
- Understand the agency's data privacy requirements. For example, is the agency covered by HIPAA?
- Have access to a computer. Nearly any computer purchased within the past 5 years will be adequate. Bowman System's recommends having a computer with an Intel Pentium 4 processor or equivalent, 256MB RAM and Microsoft Windows 2000 or XP. Mac OSX is also supported.
- The computer must have a web browser – we strongly encourage Internet Explorer Version 6 (or higher; available for free at <http://www.microsoft.com/downloads>) and

access to the internet. ServicePoint will work over a dial-up connection, but a high speed internet connection (DSL, Cable, T1, etc.) is *strongly* recommended.

The steps for implementation include the following:

- 1. Initial contact.** Agency is contacted by Wilder Research (or contacts Wilder Research) and agrees to send its end-users to a day-long introductory group training on HMIS and using ServicePoint. Agency administrators, IT staff, or others may also attend the training for a fee if there is space available. Agencies should not sign up for training unless they are willing and able to complete the following steps and begin entering actual client data within one month of attending training.
- 2. Paperwork and payment.** Before attending training: (a) Agency must review and sign an agency agreement before the training. (b) If the agency is covered by HIPAA, the agency should send Wilder Research a Business Associates Agreement. (c) The agency must pay any training and end-user fees.
- 3. Training.** All end-users within must complete initial training with the Wilder Research or Minnesota Housing Partnership.
- 4. Work flow.** Agency program administrators and system end-users should designate a process for integrating the HMIS into its regular flow of work. Ideally information in ServicePoint will be updated in real time, whenever clients are entering or leaving programs, but this is not always possible. Planning how to incorporate ServicePoint in the agency's workflow should be done before the walk through so that the agency is ready to use ServicePoint immediately after the walk-through. Necessary decisions include:
 - a. Will the data be directly entered into ServicePoint during intake or casemanagement sessions? (If so, what is our back-up plan if the power is out or the internet connection goes down?)
 - b. Will the information be recorded by paper forms and entered later? If so, can we adapt our existing forms so that there is no confusion when entering data into ServicePoint? Note that electronic versions (MS Word format) of data entry forms that mirror screens in ServicePoint are available at www.hmismn.org
 - c. Who will run reports? Which ones? How often? Note that we strongly recommend running reports on a monthly or weekly basis to help check for data entry errors. The agency is responsible for maintaining accurate data, and regularly running reports is a good way to double check that

information has been properly recorded in the system. Regular reporting may also provide the agency with important information about its clients and programmatic goals.

5. **Data privacy practices and client informed consent.** Before entering actual data, agencies must develop or adapt any necessary client notice, consent, and release of information forms (see appendix for current examples), as well as their own written data privacy policy. This can be done prior to training, and should be ready to implement by the time of the walk through or even shortly before, so that the agency can begin entering actual data as soon as possible. Note that agency should be able to explain ServicePoint and the agency's data privacy practices to clients.
6. **Set-up.** After training the agency's designated HMIS contact will be called by Wilder Research, to gather information necessary to configure ServicePoint to meet the agency's reporting and data privacy needs. The Agency's end-users cannot be given access to the system until the system set-up is complete, so it is important that the agency respond to Wilder's requests for information as soon as possible. Agencies that do not follow through with set-up after attending training may be required to attend an additional training session, at added cost.
7. **Walk through.** After set-up is completed (and confirmed with the agency's HMIS contact person), Wilder Research Center will contact the agency for a "walk through" session that serves as a sort of refresher on how to use the HMIS and demonstrates the way that the system has been configured for the agency. Usernames and passwords are issued at this point.
8. **Using the system.** Agencies should record in the HMIS at least three actual client entries into their programs within 2 weeks of completing set up with Wilder Research. On an on-going basis agencies must enter and update information on all current clients in their HMIS-relevant programs (homeless prevention, outreach, shelter, and housing programs) on at least a quarterly basis. Information must be updated by the end of the second week after each quarter's end (by April 15 for Q1; by July 15 for Q2; by October 15 for Q3; and by January 15 for Q3).
 - a. **Reporting:** Agencies are required to run reports in the system as directed by their funding sources, and should run these reports prior to actual report due dates to check for data entry errors. Agencies are strongly encouraged to use the systems reporting features on a more frequent weekly or monthly basis to check for data entry errors. Agencies are responsible for the quality of the data that they report.

General on-going commitments

Participating agencies should be prepared to commit to the following:

- Collecting and updating minimum data elements on all clients, and updating on a quarterly basis as necessary. Information must be updated by the end of the second week after each quarter's end (by April 15 for Q1; by July 15 for Q2; by October 15 for Q3; and by January 15 for Q3). This is necessary for Wilder Research and the Implementation Group to be able to issue accurate quarterly reports.
- Maintaining accurate data. The agency should run system reports on a regular weekly or monthly basis to check for errors. The agency should contact Wilder Research (HMIS@wilder.org or 651-647-4600) if needing assistance with data correction, including deleting any client records that were entered by mistake.
- Obtaining written client consent, or releases of information, for data sharing (if the agency desires to share client data with other HMIS partner agencies). HIPAA-covered agencies also must allow clients to opt out of research uses of HMIS data.
- Agencies covered by HIPAA, domestic violence agencies, youth providers, and HIV/AIDS providers must develop joint legal agreements with other partner agencies if they will be sharing client records via the HMIS. Such agencies must work with Wilder Research to enable restricted data sharing.
- Posting a Notice of Uses and Disclosures for Minnesota's HMIS (see exhibits at end of this manual). Agency staff should be able to provide a basic explanation of the notice and the agency should be able to provide a copy to each of its clients.
- Cancel HMIS access of any end-user who is terminated from employment, leaves the agency, or needs to be restricted from the system for any other reason. If another end-user in the agency has "agency administrator" privileges in ServicePoint, this should be done as soon as possible. If not, the agency needs to contact Wilder Research as soon as possible and no more than 24 hours after the end-user is terminated.

Information entry standards

- Information entered into Minnesota's HMIS will be truthful, accurate and complete.
- Agency staff will not enter information about clients into Minnesota's HMIS database unless the information is required for a legitimate business purpose such as to provide

services to the Client, to conduct evaluation or research, to administer the program, or to comply with regulatory requirements.

- When adding to- or modifying data in- an existing client's HMIS record, end users should check to see if that client is currently receiving services from a different HMIS partner agency (e.g., entered into, but not yet exited from another program). If the client is active elsewhere, end-users should not alter or over-ride information possibly used by staff of that agency without first verifying the change with staff of the other agency.

No conditioning of services

Agencies shall not decline to provide any services to a client based upon a client's refusal to sign a Release of Information form or refusing to allow entry of information into Minnesota's HMIS. (Note: This does not over-ride agency policies or funding restrictions that may require certain data from a client before an agency is able to serve the client. However, if this is the case and HMIS is the only data base, then the client may be offered the opportunity to be entered as anonymous client – e.g, entered with a system generated code and no social security number or other identifying information.)

Data privacy and protection

Program participants have a clear right to:

- Keep their personal information held private,
- Have their preferences with regard to the entry and sharing of client information within Minnesota's HMIS respected, whether they prefer their data to be shared with other partner agencies or not;
- Request a changes in their information sharing preferences
- Refuse to allow entry of identifiable information into Minnesota's HMIS without being denied services (except if entry of identifiable information is necessary for program operation)
- Have only truthful and accurate information about them entered into the system
- Not be asked for information unless the information is required for a legitimate business purpose such as to provide services to the client ;

- Inspect and obtain a copy of their own information maintained within Minnesota's HMIS (except for information that is used in preparation for a criminal or civil court case under release by subpoena);
- File grievances related to the HMIS without retaliation.

Agencies are responsible for the actions of their users. Among the steps Agency will take to maintain data privacy and security are:

- **Access.** Agencies will permit access to Minnesota's HMIS or client-level information obtained from it only to paid employees or supervised volunteers who need access to Minnesota's HMIS for legitimate business purposes (such as to provide services to the Client, to conduct evaluation or research, to administer the program, or to comply with regulatory requirements). Volunteers should only be designated as system users as a last resort, and are subject to the same training and legal requirements as all other system users.
- **Computers.** Agencies will allow access to Minnesota's HMIS only from computers which are (a) physically present on Agency's premises; (b) owned by the Agency; or (c) approved by Agency for the purpose of accessing and working with Minnesota's HMIS. The latter (c) shall apply only in extra-ordinary circumstances, when it is not feasible to meet conditions (a) or (b). Agency shall maintain written statements of any approvals of computers not owned by or located in the agency. Additionally, agencies should protect computers used to access Minnesota's HMIS with commercially available virus protection software.
- **Username and passwords.** Usernames and passwords shall not be stored or displayed in any publicly accessible location. Usernames and passwords may only be used by the person to whom they are assigned; licenses may not be shared under any circumstance.
- **Change in Employee status.** Any employee that is terminated or quits should have their user name and password immediately removed by the agency. In some cases this will require contacting Wilder Research (651-647-4600; HMIS@wilder.org).
- **Training.** Agency will only allow their staff to access Minnesota's HMIS only after the authorized user receives appropriate confidentiality training including that provided by Wilder Research or Minnesota Housing Partnership. Licenses granted to approved staff must not be shared; each staff who accesses HMIS must have a unique username and password.

Data sharing

One of the potential benefits – and potential risks – of Minnesota’s HMIS is the ability to easily share data between agencies in a standardized format. Certain agencies, like battered women’s shelters, youth providers, HIV/AIDS providers, and HIPAA-covered agencies, will only share data with other service providers if they have developed specific agreements allowing them to do so. Others will choose to share data routinely with other HMIS partner agencies. In either case, clients have the right to control access to their data and must sign a Client Release of Information form before an agency can share information about the client with other agencies via Minnesota’s HMIS (see example in appendix or adapt from electronic forms at www.hmismn.org). Note that agency staff must be prepared to explain the HMIS system and agency privacy policies upon request.

Additionally, please note that:

- Agency staff have the ability to designate information entered into the HMIS as “open” – meaning shared with other partner agencies, or “closed” – meaning hidden from other partner agencies. While Wilder will set defaults for data sharing in consultation with the agency, it is the responsibility of the agency staff to make sure that the data they are entering is secure consistent with agency practices and client preferences.
- HMIS project staff at Wilder Research and Bowman Systems, LLC. will have access to all information entered into the system. Wilder and Bowman routinely deal with sensitive data and abide by strict data privacy practices. Wilder and Bowman will only access identifying information for business-related reasons, including administering the database, conducting research, and preparing reports (only aggregate information will be included in reports).
- Minnesota’s HMIS is not a government database. Federal agencies, including HUD, do NOT have direct or routine access to the HMIS. State government employees do not have direct access to the system, but in some cases do see client-level information about persons served under the grant programs that they monitor.

Accountability for noncompliance

The HMIS Maintenance Council will receive updates from Wilder Research on progress made by participating programs with HMIS. The Maintenance Council will provide notice to agencies and funders (the state of Minnesota, HUD, or local Continuum of Care Committees) when agencies are found not to be in compliance with data entry or have violated the code of ethics or privacy concerns.

The HMIS Council and Wilder Research would like to make compliance with system policies and expectations as easy as possible, and welcomes agency requests for assistance. Agencies that fail to comply, however, should be aware of the potential for penalties under data privacy laws (e.g., HIPAA, the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act); potential impacts on funding from state and federal sources; and the possibility of additional charges from Wilder Research to cover costs associated with rectifying substantial problems.

Oversight of Minnesota's HMIS

Composition of HMIS Maintenance Group

The Maintenance Group currently is a 25 member body, made up of the following:

- 1 representative appointed by each Continuum of Care (13 total)
- 1 representative of the Minnesota Coalition for the Homeless
- 1 representative of the Metro-wide Engagement on Shelter and Housing (MESH)
- 2 representatives from the state's Inter-Agency Task Force on Homelessness
- 1 representative from each of the following groups: youth, veterans, domestic violence, AIDS/HIV, technology, homeless or formerly homeless (6 members total)
Representative from first four groups (youth, veterans, domestic violence, and AIDS/HIV) may be a service-provider with expertise on the population, or a client member of the population. These members are nominated and elected by current members.
- 2 additional at large representatives, nominated and elected by current members.

Representatives shall be appointed for two year cycles.

Additional provisions

- A chairperson (or co-chairs or "officers") will be elected from the membership serve as the main point of contact between the oversight body and project staff, and to set meeting agendas.
- Decisions will be made by consensus when possible, by majority vote when necessary. Proxy voting is allowed and encouraged if members are unable to attend meetings, but a quorum is not required for group meetings or decisions.
- Project staff (Wilder Research, Minnesota Housing Partnership) will staff meetings and will not serve as voting members.
- Subcommittees shall be appointed as needed.

Maintenance Group roles and responsibilities

Budget and Financing

- Periodically reviews HMIS system budget
- Sets goals for user-based fees
- Assists with fundraising

System Policies

- Data element oversight (resolving the manner in which specific elements are collected when there is disagreement among users; approval of any questionable or controversial data elements)
- Development of standardized reports (resolving disagreements between regions, providers, etc. concerning standardized reporting)
- Approval of necessary forms
- Approval of agency participation
- Deciding on the appropriate system rights for participating agencies and staff.
- Penalizing agencies that do not comply with system policies
- Hearing client grievances, and recommending appropriate remedy
- Approval of data requested by non-participants (e.g., academic researchers)
- Approval of requested narrative reports (special or first-time requests)

Expectations for HMIS System Administrator

Providing an HMIS

As system administrator for Minnesota's HMIS, Wilder Research provides all of the necessary equipment, staff, and technology to operate and maintain the central site. This may be done directly or through contracts with outside vendors. Bowman Systems currently provides software (ServicePoint) and application service provider (ASP) services, including hosting and maintaining central servers, for Minnesota's HMIS.

HMIS Maintenance Council

Wilder Research utilizes the HMIS Maintenance Council to provide general oversight and guidance to the project.

Training

Wilder Research provides ongoing training on the system, either directly or through agreements with others. Minnesota Housing Partnership currently conducts the majority of the group training sessions. Each user of the system is required to complete basic user training in order to begin using the system. Wilder Research may deliver on-site training in the event that an agency has a large number of staff to train, but generally will not deliver one to one training on-site without an additional contract for this service.

Right to Deny Access

Wilder Research retains the right, subject to the HMIS Maintenance Council's review, to suspend or revoke the access of any agency or individual to the system for consistent or egregious violation of Minnesota HMIS policies.

Availability of Project Staff

Wilder Research staff are available during normal business hours to respond to service requests from either the Agency Director or identified site contact person.

Notice of Planned Interruption in Service

Whenever possible, Wilder Research will notify participating agencies of planned interruptions to service at least 3 business days prior to the interruption.

HMIS Policy Considerations

Individual access and corrections to personal information maintained in HMIS

Agencies will respond to all data requests submitted by individual program participants served by that particular agency. Any requests received by an agency that the agency is unable to fulfill will be forwarded to Wilder Research.

Requests for inspection or copies of personal data or private information or by individual program participants shall be accommodated with no service charges or fees. Agency or Wilder may deny access to information that is legally protected due to current or pending legal activity. An agency or program may deny inspection or copies of personal information if the individual program participant has requested the same data or information more than two times in a calendar year (unless substantive change have been made to the record—program participants may request another copy upon substantive change to their records).

Program participants may request amendments or corrections to their record. Any such requests shall be honored unless program staff have a justifiable reason for not making the change, including that the requested change would misrepresent client characteristics, service dates, or the like. Requests for changes that are not honored may be recorded under client case notes in the HMIS. Requests for multiple alterations in any calendar year may be denied due to administrative burden or harassment by the individual program participant (unless substantive change have been made to the record—program participants may request additional alterations following substantive changes to their records).

Any denial of a request for inspection or alterations by programs/agencies may be taken by the individual program participant to the Minnesota Coalition for the Homeless who shall bring the matter (in a confidential manner) before the HMIS Maintenance Council.

Grievance Procedures for Individual Program Participants

Users must permit clients to file a written complaint regarding the use or treatment of their information within Minnesota HMIS (an example grievance form is provided in the appendix). Clients may file a written complaint with either the Agency/program or with the Wilder Research. Clients may not be retaliated against for filing a complaint. Clients unsatisfied with agency- or administrator-level grievances are free to file a grievance to the HMIS Maintenance Council (mail to: Minnesota Coalition for the Homeless, in care of “HMIS Grievance”, 122 West Franklin Avenue, Suite 306, Minneapolis, MN 55404).

A written response must be prepared by either the party receiving the grievance (Agency/program, Wilder Research), or the Maintenance Council.

Clients also may choose to pursue complaints through the legal system.

All agencies are encouraged to complete Data Privacy and Protection training

The HMIS Maintenance Council encourages all participating agencies or programs to routinely train their personnel on best practices in data privacy and protection. Data privacy is emphasized in HMIS training sessions, but more general training on this topic is encouraged.

Ensuring Data Accuracy

Agencies are responsible for the accuracy of the data they enter into the HMIS. Agencies are strongly encouraged to run reports on a monthly or weekly basis to check data and consult with Wilder Research to correct any problems.

Wilder Research shall regularly check data quality in Minnesota's HMIS. Agencies, or particular end-users, that make repeated errors may be required to attend more training, or may be barred from using HMIS if they are unwilling to improve data entry practices.

If Wilder Research or staff of HUD, MHFA, or DHS/OEO determines that an agency has committed fraudulent activity in the submission or alteration of data, the violation shall be brought before the HMIS Maintenance Council who shall determine a response after the agency or program has had an opportunity to respond to the allegation or information. The HMIS Maintenance Council has the authority to take ameliorating action or expel an offending agency from Minnesota's HMIS.

Third party access to data

No request for private, personal information about an individual program participant from a third party or entity shall be honored unless the request is legally binding.

All requests for system-wide aggregate data or information shall be forwarded to Wilder Research. Wilder Research may charge a reasonable recovery fee.

Annual report

The HMIS Maintenance Council shall provide an annual written report to state agency partners and the general public outlining aggregate data held by the HMIS system. Wilder Research shall cooperate with the HMIS Maintenance Council in preparing this annual report. Such reports are made to provide transparency to our work and will center on the honest dissemination of data, information, and statistics that represent, to the extent possible, the state of homelessness in Minnesota, as reflected in data maintained in Minnesota's HMIS.

Appendix

Glossary

Goals of HMIS In Minnesota

HMIS Implementation Group: Current membership

Sample HMIS grievance procedure form

User policy, responsibility statement & code of ethics

Client informed consent form

Client release of information form

Glossary

End User – Any person in an agency in possession of a valid user license who directly accesses the HMIS.

HIPAA – Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act. A federal law that applies to the data practices of agencies that provide medical and medically-related services.

HMIS – Homeless Management Information System

HMIS Maintenance Council – also referred to as the HMIS Implementation Group

HUD – United States Department of Housing and Urban Development

McKinney-Vento Act – Federal law that allows for funding for HMIS and Housing and Supportive Service programs which serve individuals who are homeless

ServicePoint – The software behind Minnesota’s HMIS. An internet-based client information management system developed by Bowman Systems, LLC.

Goals of HMIS in Minnesota

In the Spring of 2002 Minnesota Housing Finance Agency convened an open meeting on HMIS that included an in-depth brainstorming session on what the state wants out of our HMIS. The following summary was later adopted by the HMIS Implementation Group as the vision for Minnesota's HMIS.

Overall vision and goal

Minnesota's Homeless Management Information System will provide standardized and timely information to improve access to housing and services and strengthen our efforts to end homelessness.

Goals from the perspective of those experiencing homelessness:

Minnesota's Homeless Management Information System will:

- Help us find and access shelter and housing—quickly and accurately
- Help us identify other services for which we are eligible
- Protect the privacy of our personal data, and strip away personally-identifying information as soon as possible
- Improve the accessibility to housing and services for those who do not speak English and those who have disabilities
- Get the job done with the minimum number of questions
- Eliminate the need for us to repeatedly give the same information to service providers
- Enhance the effectiveness of our working relationships with case workers and others who may be accessing the system
- Include protections against using the system's data to deny service, or to abuse civil rights
- Provide us with a printout of our personal data upon request
- Gather data that demonstrates our needs to others—hopefully resulting in improved housing and services
- **In sum, improve access to shelter, housing, and services**

Goals from the service provider perspective:

Minnesota's Homeless Management Information System will:

- Be user friendly, and include adequate training and available help for users
- Easily provide accurate agency-level data, including client demographics, needs, and trends over time
- Cost little
- Be useful for us even if we do not have computers or much technical capacity
- Cover our reporting requirements
- Protect our clients' confidentiality—and us from liability
- **In sum, provide an affordable, user-friendly tool to accurately track client service usage.**

Goals from the continuum of care perspective:

Minnesota's Homeless Management Information System will:

- Provide accurate regional data on demands, migration, capacity, and gaps
- Easily summarize data for the continuum of care
- Include as many providers as possible
- Be affordable and adequately staffed
- **In sum, strengthen continuum of care planning by providing improved data on demands, migration, capacity, and gaps.**

Goals from the state agency perspective:

Minnesota's Homeless Management Information System will

- Interface with (or replace) state data systems
- Produce state and federal reports
- Improve service delivery to clients
- Provide improved, standardized, and timely statewide data for planning
- Provide a good return on the investment
- Help identify gaps in mainstream resources and the barriers that those experiencing homelessness face when trying to access these goals
- **In sum, help coordinate statewide data collection to improve public policy.**

MINNESOTA'S HMIS: GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE FORM

If you believe that you have not received the assistance you desire concerning your personal or private data held in Minnesota's HMIS, please send a written complaint to:

1. Your Agency
2. Wilder Research
c/o HMIS Administrator , Attention: Grievance
1295 Bandana Boulevard North, Suite 210
St. Paul, MN 55108

This Agency and Wilder Research are prohibited from retaliating against you for filing a complaint. Your information and complaint will be kept confidential! This Agency and Wilder are required by law to maintain the privacy of your protected personal information and to provide you with a grievance procedure.

If you believe your grievance has not been sufficiently resolved by either your agency or the Wilder Research you may make a complaint to:

3. Minnesota Coalition for the Homeless 612-870-7073
Attention: HMIS Grievance
122 West Franklin Avenue, Suite 306
Minneapolis, MN 55404.

The Coalition will bring your complaint to Minnesota's HMIS advisory group, which will attempt a voluntary resolution of the complaint.

Please note that the Minnesota Coalition for the Homeless is available to help if you would like assistance filling out this form. Also note that the Coalition does *not* directly provide legal services.

GRIEVANCE FORM

NAME: _____ DATE: _____

ADDRESS: _____ Phone Number: _____

Complaint:
